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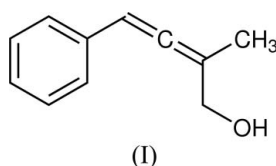
Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study
 T = 173 K
 Mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.011 \text{ \AA}$
 R factor = 0.039
 wR factor = 0.084
 Data-to-parameter ratio = 8.3

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see <http://journals.iucr.org/e>.

2-Methyl-4-phenylbuta-2,3-dien-1-ol

The crystal structure of the title compound, $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$, a substrate for gold-catalysed cycloisomerization reactions [Hoffmann-Röder & Krause (2001). *Org. Lett.* **3**, 2537–2538], contains two molecules in the asymmetric unit. There are two intermolecular O—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds in the crystal structure and a chain of molecules is formed along the *c* axis *via* these hydrogen bonds.



Experimental

The title compound was synthesized in racemic form by $\text{S}_{\text{N}}2'$ -substitution of a propargyl oxirane with a magnesium cuprate (Krause & Hoffmann-Röder, 2004). It was dissolved in a small amount of ethyl acetate/cyclohexane (1:4 *v/v*), and crystals were obtained by slow evaporation of the mixed solution.

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$M_r = 160.21$	Cell parameters from 17261 reflections
Orthorhombic, $Pca2_1$	$\theta = 3.1\text{--}25.1^\circ$
$a = 24.379 (6) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.07 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 9.601 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 173 (1) \text{ K}$
$c = 7.991 (3) \text{ \AA}$	Needle, colourless
$V = 1870.4 (9) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.15 \times 0.08 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 8$	
$D_x = 1.138 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$	

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.066$
ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.5^\circ$
Absorption correction: none	$h = -29 \rightarrow 29$
17261 measured reflections	$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$
1832 independent reflections	$l = -9 \rightarrow 9$
578 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	

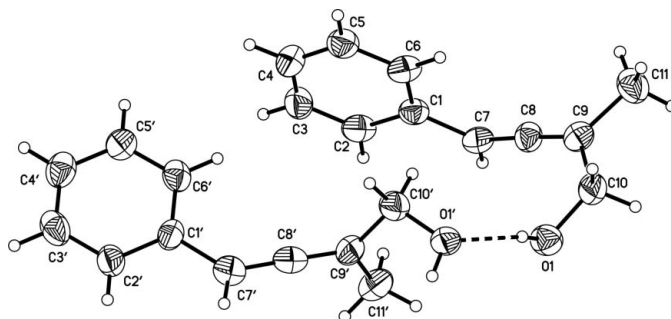


Figure 1

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, showing the labelling of all non-H atoms. The dashed line indicates an intermolecular hydrogen bond. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

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Refinement

Refinement on F^2 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$ $wR(F^2) = 0.084$ $S = 1.00$

1832 reflections

221 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = [\exp(4.2(\sin\theta/\lambda)^2)]/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)]$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.11 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.11 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$O1-H1\cdots O1'$	0.84	1.91	2.717 (6)	162
$O1'-H1'\cdots O1^i$	0.84	1.95	2.739 (6)	157

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y - 1, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

In the absence of significant anomalous dispersion effects, Friedel pairs were merged. H atoms were placed in calculated positions, with $C-H = 0.95-0.99 \text{ \AA}$ and $O-H = 0.84 \text{ \AA}$, and were refined as riding, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{O})$ for methyl and hydroxyl groups and $1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for others; the methyl and the hydroxyl groups were allowed to rotate but not to tip.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 1998); cell refinement: *DENZO* and *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO* and *SCALEPACK*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1990); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL-Plus* (Sheldrick, 1991); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*, *PARST95* (Nardelli, 1995) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2003).

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